

ETIP SNET Regional Workshop, Dec 1, 2022

Moderator: Ludwig Karg, B.A.U.M.

Agenda

9.30	Intro	Opening and welcoming	Maria Laura Trifiletti, ETIP SNET representatives
9.35	Info	Introduction to ETIP SNET & BRIDGE	ETIP SNET Core Team representatives
9.40	Info	Introduction to the High Level Use Cases (HLUC) approach for the ETIP SNET	Nikos Hatziargyriou - ETIP SNET Core Team
		Implementation Plan and Roadmap (IP & RM)	
9:50	Panel 1	Funding priorities at national/regional level in South-East Europe	Ludwig Karg (moderator)
		Focus of Research Development and Innovation (RDI) programmes in South and	
		South-East Europe (SE-EU)	
		\circ S / SE-EU projects of Joint Programming Platform ERA-Net Smart Energy System	Julia Chenut, Support Team to JPP SES
		 project BERLIN and funding programme ENI CBCMED 	Venizelos Efthymiou, FOSS, Cyprus
		 Relation of SE-EU RDI programmes and ETIP SNET IP&RM 	Rainer Bacher - ETIP SNET Core Team
		Collecting input for improvement of High Level Use Cases (HLUC) of ETIP SNET IP	all panel: interactive discussion using voting tool
10.35	Panel 2	Projects with respect to HLUC	Ludwig Karg (moderator), Nikos Hatziargyriou & Rainer
		(pitch per project (3 min); feedback and discussion (4 min)	Bacher - ETIP SNET Core Team
		 TRINITY (funded in EC Horizon 2020 program) 	Álvaro Nofuentes Prieto, ETRA tbc
		 E-LAND (funded in EC Horizon 2020 program) 	Isidoros Kokos. Intracom (Greece)
		\circ Energy and Climate Security Risk Index (financed by the European Climate	Martin Vladimirov, Center for the Study of Democracy
		Foundation)	(CSD), Sofia
		 DISTRHEAT (funded in ERA-Net Smart Energy Systems program) 	Mirko Morini, Universita di Parma
		 Joint RDI projects with Central and South-East Europe and the CRESYM Initiative 	Prof. Antonello Monti, RWTH Aachen / FH Gesellschaft
11.25	Outro	Conclusions	Maria Laura Trifiletti – ETIP SNET representative

Region



www.etip-snet.eu



Introduction To ETIP SNET

Coordinator: Maria Laura Trifiletti

ETIP SNET Vision 2050





CONCENTRATED AND DISTRIBUTED vRES

FLEXIBILITY PORTFOLIO

STORAGE SOLUTIONS

INTEGRATED ENERGY NETWORKS

SECTOR COUPLING

DIGITALISATION



European Commission

ETIP SNET R&I Implementation Plan 2022-2025

European Commission

> ETTIP SNET European Technology and Innovation Platform Smart Networks for Energy Transition

ETIP SNET R&I Implementation Plan 2022-2025

Nikos Hatziargyriou



ETIP SNET

R&I Implementation Plan 2022-2025 available here







ETIPs under the SET PLAN Umbrella

The European Strategic Energy Technology Plan (SET Plan) is a key stepping-stone to **boost the transition towards a climate neutral energy system** through the development of low-carbon technologies in a fast and cost-competitive way.



The SET Plan consists of 10 Keys Action and related Implementation Working Group (IWGs).



The European Technology and Innovation Platforms (ETIPs) were created:

- ➢ to support the implementation of the SET Plan by bringing together EU countries, industry, and researchers in key areas.
- to promote the market uptake of key energy technologies by pooling funding, skills, and research facilities.



ETIP Smart Networks for Energy Transition - Goals and Structure

Guide and identify R&I priorities to support Europe's energy transition, addressing the innovation challenges for the energy system and market evolution toward climate resilience and renewables integration while ensuring affordability and security of supply beyond smart electricity grids.



- Brings together main stakeholders and more than 350 experts from the energy sector from all around Europe and beyond
- Prepares and updates Visions, Roadmaps and Implementation Plans
- It crafts a consolidated stakeholder view on R&I to European Energy Policy initiatives toward Energy Transition in order to achieve medium and long term objectives



ETIP SNET Vision 2050



CONCENTRATED AND DISTRIBUTED VRES

FLEXIBILITY PORTFOLIO

STORAGE SOLUTIONS

INTEGRATED ENERGY NETWORKS

SECTOR COUPLING

DIGITALISATION





The components of the vision



- Extensive electrification in (nearly) all sectors of the energy system
- Efficient coupling between the electricity system and other energy vectors to enhance flexibility and efficiency
- Use of energy conversion and storage
 - solutions
- > Widespread digitalisation



Roadmap & Implementation Plan (IP)





Main Drivers of the Roadmap and the IP

- Decarbonisation of energy systems, transport, industry, and building stock
- Involvement of consumers and citizen communities in energy systems



The European Green Deal von der Leyen Commission

- Digitalisation as key enabler of the environmental transition and participative energy markets
- Reliability, adaptability and resilience of the integrated energy systems











Implementation Plan Main Concepts





The ETIP SNET R&I Implementation Plan 2022-2025 describes the R&I efforts to be achieved by 2024 based on two principles:

- 1. It reuses the basic ideas defined in the previous R&I Roadmaps and Implementation plans, such as Research Areas, Research TOPICS and Research TASKS to organise the research for the proposed research priorities.
- 2. It adopts the key concept of High-Level Use Cases (HLUCs) with associated sets of Priority Project Concepts (PPCs) to specify the targeted outcome of R&I projects in general, including demonstration.



Main Concepts

- HLUC: High-level Use Case
- PPC: Priority Project Concept





- PPCs might extend to more than one IP
- Research Tasks are associated with PPCs
- More than one Task might be needed for one PPC





High Level Use Cases





European Commission

High Level Use Cases

HLUC 1: Optimal Cross sector Integration and Grid Scale Storage

> Total Budget: <u>130M€</u>

HLUC 2: Marketdriven TSO–DSO– System User Interactions

> <u>Total Budget:</u> <u>90M€</u>

HLUC 3: Pan European Wholesale Markets, Regional and Local Markets

> <u>Total Budget:</u> <u>80M€</u>

HLUC 4: Massive Penetration of RES into the transmission and distribution grid

> <u>Total Budget:</u> <u>145M€</u>

HLUC 5: One stop shop and Digital Technologies for market participation of consumers (citizens) at the center

> <u>Total Budget :</u> <u>120M€</u>





<u>Total Budget:</u> <u>100M</u>



HLUC 7: Enhance System Supervision and Control including Cyber Security

> <u>Total Budget</u> <u>135M€</u>

HLUC 8: Transportation Integration & Storage

> <u>Total Budget:</u> <u>100M€</u>

HLUC 9: Flexibility provision by Building, Districts and Industrial Processes

> Total Budget: 100M€





ENLIT: ETIP SNET Regional Workshop, Dec 1, 2022



Joint Programming Platform Smart Energy Systems Julia Chenut

Joint Programming Platform ERA-Net Smart Energy System



"A Transnational Joint Programming Platform to Initiate Co-Creation and Promote Energy System Innovation"

Focus Initiatives

Smart Grids Plus	Development and integration of smart grid systems	Layers
		Technology
Integrated Regional Energy Systems	Efficiently provide, host and utilize up to and beyond 100% share of renewables	Marketplace
(RegSys)	in local or regional energy supply	Adoption
EnerDigit	Digitalization for the energy transition	



Clean Energy Transition Partnership











TRI 5: Integrated Regional Energy Systems



JPP SES: Funding Partners





This initiative has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreements no. 646039, 775970 and 883973.



JPP SES: Funding Partners (South-East Europe Only)







HLUC Impact of South-East Europe Projects (ERA-Net SES)

Project Acronym	JC Cohort	HLUC 1	HLUC 2	HLUC 3	HLUC 4	HLUC 5	HLUC 6	HLUC 7	HLUC 8	HLUC 9
FinSESCo	2020									
AISTOR	2019									
BIO-NRG STORE	2019									
DEVISE	2019	X					x			
IFAISTOS	2019	X			X					
I-Greta	2019									
MESH4U	2019									
ANM4L	2018		X		X			X		x
DiGriFlex	2018									
DISTRHEAT	2018	X								x
EVA	2018									
EVCHIP	2018									
Multiportgrid	2018	X								x
PlGergy	2018									
SuperP2G	2018	X								
ZEHTC	2018	X								
						HLUC 1 HLUC 2	: Optimal Cross sector II : Market-driven TSO–DS	ntegration and Grid Sca 50–System User interac	le Storage ctions	

HLUC 3: Pan European Wholesale Markets, Regional and Local Markets

HLUC 4: Massive Penetration of RES into the transmission and distribution grid

HLUC 5: One stop shop and Digital Technologies for market participation of consumers (citizens) at the center

European Commission

HLUC 6: Secure operation of widespread use of power electronics at all systems levels

HLUC 7: Enhance System Supervision and Control including Cyber Security

HLUC 8: Transportation Integration & Storage

HLUC 9: Flexibility provision by Building, Districts and Industrial Processes

Key Projects in Region South-East Europe (JPP SES)





ANM4L aims at demonstrating how innovative active network management (ANM) solutions can increase the integration of renewable energy sources (RES) in electricity distribution networks.

Project Partner from SE-EU E.ON Észak-dunántúli Áramhálózati (Hungary)



Zero Emission Hydrogen Turbine Center With renewable energy sources, green hydrogen and gas turbines combined, we can store energy and achieve a reliable and sustainable energy system

Project Partner from SE-EU University of Bologna (Italy)



EVA Project Optimization of Regional Infrastructures for the Transition to Electric and Connected Autonomous Vehicles

Project Partner from SE-EU EURAC Research (Italy) FinSESCo

Financing Smart Energy Systems via Crowd Investing & Digitalizing Energy Contracting in the Building Sector

Project Partner from SE-EU BEIA Consult International (Romania)





HLUC relevance for region South-East Europe (ERA-Net SES)



Projects	HLUC 1	HLUC 2	HLUC 3	HLUC 4	HLUC 5	HLUC 6	HLUC 7	HLUC 8	HLUC 9	Other
ANM4L	٠	•••	•	•••	•		•••		•••	
EVA	٠	•	٠	٠			٠	٠	•	
ZEHTC	•••		٠	••				••	••	
FinSESCo	•	••	••	••	•			•	•	

- ••• extremely relevant
- •• highly relevant
- relevant to some degree
 n/a don't know

HLUC 1: Optimal Cross sector Integration and Grid Scale Storage
HLUC 2: Market-driven TSO–DSO–System User interactions
HLUC 3: Pan European Wholesale Markets, Regional and Local Markets
HLUC 4: Massive Penetration of RES into the transmission and distribution grid
HLUC 5: One stop shop and Digital Technologies for market participation of consumers (citizens) at the center
HLUC 6: Secure operation of widespread use of power electronics at all systems levels
HLUC 7: Enhance System Supervision and Control including Cyber Security
HLUC 8: Transportation Integration & Storage
HLUC 9: Flexibility provision by Building, Districts and Industrial Processes







Projects	Key Findings or Expected Results	Relevant HLUC(s)
ANM4L	 Identified the benefits of Active Network Management (ANM) can bring, especially for faster energy transition. ANM offers a faster way to accept new RES connections 	Direct: 2,4,7,9 Indirect: 1,3,5
EVA	 The project will develop a set of guidelines aimed at supporting regional authorities in the transition towards electric and connected autonomous vehicles and at optimizing the related infrastructures 	Direct: None Indirect: 1,2,3,4,7,8,9
ZEHTC	 A demonstration plant is built to show how hydrogen, gas turbines, renewable energy production and energy storage work together in a future flexible and sustainable energy system. Hydrogen is well controllable from a safety perspective but regulations are still in development. 	Direct: 1 Indirect: 3,4,8,9
FinSESCo	 Using data from building permits and energy audits, the platform offers: gamified investment process, diversification options in an investor dashboard, smart contracts, digital encrypted meter-based repayment process and machine learning-based fault detection during operation will be offered by platform modules. 	Direct: None Indirect: 1,2,3,4,5,8,9



Proposals from South-East Europe Projects (ERA-Net SES)



Projects	Proposal(s) / Recommendation(s)	Relevant HLUC(s)
ANM4L	 Use ANM to keep up with the pace of the energy transition Changes in the method of economic incentive regulation and introduction of a total expenditure approach are necessary. Standardized communication, software modularity, and interoperability are solution supporting integration and maintenance of ANM tools in DSO 	Direct: 2,4,7,9 Indirect: 1,3,5
EVA	 Postpone the investment in power grid for enabling EV charging infrastructure through smart bi-directional charging and peak shaving through intelligent scheduling. Promote Shared Electric Connected Autonomous Vehicles (S-ECAV) and encourage Vehicle-2Grid (V2G) 	Direct: None Indirect: 1,2,3,4,7,8,9
ZEHTC	 Increased focus on other green fuels including liquid - Bio-fuel (biogas, biodiesel) and e-fuels (ammonia, methanol) are beneficial to complement Hydrogen. 	Direct: 1 Indirect: 3,4,8,9
FinSESCo	 Ease the set-up of Energy Performance Contracting (EPCo) and Energy Savings Performance Contracting (ESPCo) by end-to-end digitalization of the energy contracting (and the interacting process for public bodies and larger companies). 	Direct: None Indirect: 1,2,3,4,5,8,9

Thank you!

Find more on: www.eranet-smartenergysystems.eu

In particular our: Policy Briefs Spotlights

From the: JPP SES Knoweldge Community

Contact me: Julia Chenut Head of JPP SES Office Head of CETPartnership Coordination Secretariat

office@eranet-smartenergysystems.eu





ENLIT: ETIP SNET Regional Workshop, Dec 1, 2022



Development of Hybrid Photovoltaic-based Nanogrids for the Energy Rehabilitation of Public Buildings: The BERLIN Project



Dr Venizelos Efthymiou venizelos@epltechfront.com

ENI CBC: We make cooperation happen in the Mediterranean!

- The Mediterranean faces a multitude of common challenges, including climate change, pollution, youth unemployment and social inequality. Acting together to address these challenges and improve the lives of men and women across the region is the impetus for the 2014-2020 ENI CBC "Mediterranean Sea Basin Programme", the largest Cross-Border Cooperation (CBC) initiative implemented by the EU under the European Neighbourhood Instrument (ENI).
- 2. The Programme brings together the coastal territories of 14 countries in view of fostering fair, equitable development on both sides of the Mediterranean. Through calls for proposals, ENI CBC Med finances cooperation projects for a more competitive, innovative, inclusive and sustainable Mediterranean area.
- 3. The strategic framework of the Programme is based on 4 Thematic Objectives and 11 Priorities as a contribution to the main socio-economic and environmental challenges of the Mediterranean







Energy efficiency and renewable energy



Overview of the BERLIN project

- Promote the wider adoption of distributed energy generation in Mediterranean regions
- Implement <u>cross-border pilot</u> <u>actions</u> for the
 - innovative and cost-effective energy rehabilitation of public buildings
 - based on the microgrid concept







BERLIN: Key objectives of the project and technologies used

• System integration of three key technologies:

- Photovoltaics (PV)
- Battery energy storage systems (BESS)
- Demand Side Management (DSM)

• Targets

- Increase
 - Self-sufficiency
 - RES share
- Create a *new paradigm* under the concept of hybrid nanogrid PV+BESS+DSM systems
- Achieve a cost-effective implementation of these technologies to *transform* existing public buildings into self-resilient buildings that are green, smart, innovative and sustainable







Pilots: Implemented Technologies and Systems

- The state-of-art included in the innovation actions of the BERLIN pilots focuses on the:
 - Design, benchmarking & optimization of joint technical solutions for building energy rehabilitations
 - Collection & validation of data at regional & central dataset points
 - Analysis of the data to develop a consumption model for each pilot
 - Development of regional dynamic electricity tariffs with the application & testing of effective DSM solutions

	Pilot characteristics						
Location	Type of building	Minimum nominal PV power/BESS capacities					
Nicosia, Cyprus	PV laboratory	40 kWp/50 kWh					
Kozani, Greece	Student dormitory	34 kWp/31 kWh					
Kozani, Greece	Town hall	20 kWp/32 kWh					
Eilat, Israel	High school	100 kWp/200 kWh					
Eilot, Israel	High school	350 kWp/300 kWh					
Cagliari, Italy	University buildings	40 kWp/70 kWh					







HLUC relevance for project BERLIN



BERLIN	HLUC 1	HLUC 2	HLUC 3	HLUC 4	HLUC 5	HLUC 6	HLUC 7	HLUC 8	HLUC 9	other
Self Resilient Buildings	N/A	N/A	N/A	••	••	N/A	N/A	N/A	•••	No
Nanogrid: Interligent interconnected system	N/A	N/A	N/A	••	••	N/A	N/A	N/A	•••	No
Deman Response / Flexibility	N/A	N/A	N/A	••	••	N/A	N/A	N/A	•••	No

••• extremely relevant

- •• highly relevant
- relevant to some degree
 n/a don't know





BERLIN	proposal(s) / recommendation(s)	relevant for HLUC(s)								
Market responsive buildings	After evaluating the HUCs thoroughly, we find that trading of flexibility coming from Smart Nodes that can be formed by intelligent buildings or a combination of buildings is not adequately addressed. This is fundamental in the emerging needs of the electricity market.	2, 3, 9								
9:55	Panel	Pane Sout	el Session 1: Funding priorities at national/regional level in h-East Europe	Ludwig Karg, moderator						
------	-------	--------------	---	---	--	--	--	--	--	--
		C	Focus of Research Development and Innovation (RDI) programmes in South and South-East Europe (SE-EU)		European Commission					
			 The S-EU and SE-EU projects of Joint Programming Platform ERA-Net Smart Energy System 	Julia Chenut, Support Team to JPP SES						
					Study on the Central and South Eastern Europe energy					
			 The ENI CBCMED programme 	Venizelos Efthymiou, FOSS, Cyprus	connectivity (CESEC) cooperation on electricity gr					
			 Activities and plans of National Stakeholder Coordination Group (NSCG) 	Michele de Nigris, RSE, Italy, leading delegate of the NSCG	development and renewables Final report					
		P	Relation of SE-EU RDI programmes	Rainer Bacher - ETIP						
			and ETIP SNET IP&RM	SNET Core Team	Fraunhofer					
		٢	Collecting input for improvement of High Level Use Cases (HLUC) of ETIP SNET IP & RM	all panel: interactive discussion using voting tool	Written by: Iulia Falcan, Laura Heidecke, Marie-Jose Zondag (Ecorys); Lukas Liebmann, Gustav Resch (TU Wien); Lászlo Szabó, Enikő Kácsor, Alfa Diallo, András Mezősi (REKK); Karsten Lüdorf (Consentec); Jenny Winkler, Ammar Maghnam, Hazem Abdel-Khalek, Julia Panny (Fraunhofer IEG); Monique Voogt (SQ Consult)					
					March - 2022					

Study countries go beyond E- and SE-EU: Bulgaria (BG), Croatia (HR), Cyprus, Greece, Hungary (HU), Italy (IT), Malta, Romania (RO) or Slovenia (SI)

Figure 1.1 CESEC countries



Figure 3.8 Solar radiation map of CESEC region, indicating site conditions (global irradiance on an optimally inclined surface) for solar PV

Global irradiation

Data: PVGIS / CM SAF Solar Radiation Data

Average (2005 – 2015) global irradiance on an optimally inclined surface. Average over both day and night.



E and SE EU: Bulgaria (BG), Croatia (HR), Cyprus, Greece, Hungary (HU), Italy (IT), Malta, Romania (RO) or Slovenia (SI)



Figure 3.9 Wind map of CESEC region, indicating site conditions (full load hours) for wind onshore



Turbine: Nordex N163-4.95 Hub height = 150m Rotor diameter = 163m Efficiency = 0.85

Only pixels > 1600 FLH!

Excluded areas: * elevation >2000m or slope >20° * specific land use * nature reserve (see documentation)

Wind speed data by COSMO-REA6 (150m pre-calculated), 1995/01 - 2019/08

EPSG:3035 (100m x 100m)



Figure 3.10 Wind map of CESEC region, indicating site conditions (full load hours) for offshore wind



National Funding Agencies (Relevant R&I Programmes [in Energy [Systems]]) S- and SE-Europe

Bulgaria (BG), Croatia (HR), Cyprus, Greece, Hungary (HU), Italy (IT), Malta, Romania (RO), Slovenia (SI)

- CYPRUS Research and Innovation Foundation (RIF)
- GREECE GENERAL SECRETARIAT FOR RESEARCH AND INNOVATION (GSRI)
- HUNGARY National Research, Development and Innovation Office (NKFIH)
- ITALY
 - Ministero Dell'universita' E Della Ricerca (MUR)
 - Ministero dello sviluppo economico (MISE)
- MALTA Malta Council for Science and Technology (Programme Manager) (MCST)
- ROMANIA Executive Agency for Higher Education, Research, Development and Innovation Funding (UEFISCDI)

National Funding Agencies in Europe (R&I Programmes on Energy Systems)

Source: CETP Call 2022

- 1. AUSTRIA Austrian Research Promotion Agency (FFG)
- 2. BELGIUM
 - FLANDERS Fonds Innovatie en Ondernemen (FIO/VLAIO)
 - WALLONIA Service Public de Wallonie (SPW)
- 3. CANADA/ALBERTA REGION Emissions Reduction Alberta (ERA)
- 4. CYPRUS Research and Innovation Foundation (RIF)
- 5. CZECH REPUBLIC Technology Agency of the Czech Republic (TA CR)
- 6. DENMARK
 - Energy Technology Development and Demonstration Programme (EUDP)
 - Innovation Fund Denmark (IFD)
- 7. ESTONIA
 - Estonian Research Council (ETAG)
 - Ministry of Economic Affairs and Communications (MKM)
- 8. FINLAND Innovaatiorahoituskeskus Business Finland (BF)
- 9. FRANCE
 - Agence de la transition écologique (ADEME)
 - Agence Nationale de la Recherche (ANR)
 - FRANCE/REGION PAYS DE LA LOIRE Pays de la Loire Region Council (RPL)
- 10. <u>GERMANY</u>
 - <u>Federal Forschungszentrum Jülich GmbH, Project Management Jülich</u> (FZJ/PtJ) on behalf of BMWK
 - <u>NORTH RHINE-WESTPHALIA Forschungszentrum Jülich GmbH,</u> <u>Projektträger Jülich (FZJ/PtJ)</u> on behalf of MWIKE
 - SAXONY Saxon State Ministry for Science, Culture and Tourism (SMWK)
- 11. GREECE GENERAL SECRETARIAT FOR RESEARCH AND INNOVATION (GSRI)
- 12. HUNGARY National Research, Development and Innovation Office (NKFIH)
- 13. ICELAND The Icelandic Centre for Research (RANNIS)
- 14. IRELAND
 - Geological Survey Ireland (GSI)
 - Sustainable Energy Authority of Ireland (SEAI)
- 15. ISRAEL Ministry of Energy (MoE)

16. ITALY

- Ministero Dell'universita' E Della Ricerca (MUR)
- Ministero dello sviluppo economico (MISE)
- 17. LATVIA LATVIJAS ZINĀTNES PADOME (LZP)
- 18. LITHUANIA Ministry of Energy of the Republic of Lithuania (ENMIN)
- 19. MALTA Malta Council for Science and Technology (Programme Manager) (MCST)
- 20. THE NETHERLANDS
 - Nederlandse Organisatie voor Wetenschappelijk Onderzoek (NWO)
 - Rijksdienst voor Ondernemend Nederland (RVO)
- 21. NORWAY The Research Council of Norway (RCN)
- 22. POLAND The National Centre for Research and Development (Narodowe Centrum Badań i Rozwoju,
- 23. NCBR)
- 24. PORTUGAL FUNDAÇÃO PARA A CIÊNCIA E A TECNOLOGIA I.P. (FCT)
- 25. <u>ROMANIA Executive Agency for Higher Education, Research, Development and Innovation Funding</u> (UEFISCDI)
- 26. <u>SPAIN</u>
 - Agencia Estatal de Investigación (AEI)SPAIN The Centre for the Development of Industrial Technology (CDTI)
 - ASTURIAS- Fundación para el fomento en Asturias de la Investigación Científica Aplicada y la Tecnología (FICYT)
 - BASQUE REGION Consejeria De Desarrollo Económico, Sostenibilidad Y Medio Ambiente. Eusko Jaurlaritza-Gobierno Vasco. (EUSKADI)
 - BASQUE REGION ENTE VASCO DE LA ENERGÍA (EVE)
 - CANTABRIA Regional Development Agency of Cantabria (SODERCAN)3
- 27. SWEDEN Swedish Energy Agency (SWEA)
- 28. <u>SWITZERLAND</u>
 - Federal Department of the Environment, Transport, Energy and Communications (DETEC- SFOE)
 - SWISS NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION, (SNSF)
- 29. TÜRKIYE The Scientific and Technological Research Council of Türkiye (TUBITAK)
- 30. UNITED KINGDOM/SCOTLAND Scottish Enterprise (SE)

Figure 4.4 List of commercially congested borders with existing infrastructure, 2030



Utilisation is more than 75% in at least three, and more than 90% in one RES scenario

Utilisation is more than 75% in at least three RES scenarios
 Utilisation is more than 75% in at least one RES scenario

Figure 4.6 List of commercially congested borders with existing infrastructure, 2050



Utilisation is **more than 75%** in at least three, and **more than 90% in one RES scenario** Utilisation is **more than 75%** in at least three RES scenarios

Utilisation is more than 75% in at least three RES scenario

Utilisation is more than 75% in at least one RES scenario

Horizon Europe Work Programs (draft) 23/24 and links to ETIP SNET HLUCs

(Cluster 5)

- Cross-sectoral solutions for the climate transition (HLUC 1)
- Clean and competitive solutions for all transport modes (HLUC 8)
- Transformation towards the climate-neutrality (HLUC 3, 4, 5, 6)
- Sustainable, secure and competitive energy supply (HLUC 2, 3, 4, 6, 7)
- Efficient, sustainable and inclusive use of energy (HLUC 5, 9)
- Safe, resilient transport and smart mobility services for passengers and goods (HLUC 8, 5, 3, 9)

(Cluster 3)

- Increased cybersecurity (HLUC 7)
- Disaster-resilient society for Europe (HLUC 2, 5, 7)

(Cluster 4)

 A human-centred and ethical development of digital and industrial technologies (HLUC 5, 2)

(Cluster 6)

• Innovative governance, environmental observations and digital solutions in support of the green deal (HLUC 3, 5)

- HLUC 1: Optimal Cross sector Integration and Grid Scale Storage
- HLUC 2: Market-driven TSO–DSO– System User interactions
- HLUC 3: Pan European Wholesale Markets, Regional and Local Markets
- HLUC 4: Massive Penetration of RES into the transmission and distribution grid
- HLUC 5: One stop shop and Digital Technologies for market participation of consumers (citizens) at the centre
- HLUC 6: Secure operation of widespread use of power electronics at all systems levels
- HLUC 7: Enhance System Supervision and Control including Cyber Security
- HLUC 8: Transportation Integration & Storage
- HLUC 9: Flexibility provision by Building, Districts and Industrial Processes

ETIP SNET R&I ROADMAP 2022-2031 (9 HLUC and 57 PPCs)

- HLUC 1: Optimal Cross sector Integration and Grid Scale Storage
- HLUC 2: Market-driven TSO–DSO– System User interactions
- HLUC 3: Pan European Wholesale Markets, Regional and Local Markets
- HLUC 4: Massive Penetration of RES into the transmission and distribution grid
- HLUC 5: One stop shop and Digital Technologies for market participation of consumers (citizens) at the centre
- HLUC 6: Secure operation of widespread use of power electronics at all systems levels
- HLUC 7: Enhance System Supervision and Control including Cyber Security
- HLUC 8: Transportation Integration & Storage
- HLUC 9: Flexibility provision by Building, Districts and Industrial Processes

HLUC 3: Pan European Wholesale Markets, **Regional and Local Markets**

PPC 3.5: IT systems for TSO/DSO control to support real time balancing

PPC 3.1: Fundamental market

PPC 3.4: Validation of new market concepts

design

HIUCZ: Optimal Coss Sector PPC 1.8: Validation Demonstration

resilience

ETIP SNET IP

2026+

Later IPs

PPC 1.4: PPC 1.7 Integrating Future cross-vector hydrogen infrastructure design

ETIP SNET IP

2024+

and strategic investments PPC 3.3: IT systems for

cross-border trading

PPC 3.2: Regulatory framework

PPC 1.1: Value of cross sector PPC 1.5: Regulatory integration and storage framework

and CO2-neutral

gases

for cross sector PPC 1.2: Control and operation integration tools for multi-energy systems

PPC 1.3: Smart asset management for a circular economy

ETIP SNET IP

2022-2025

ETIP SNET IP 2022-2025

Demonstration activities PPC 8.4: Policy and

PPC 8.3:

PPC 8.5: Integrated

PPC 8.1: Implication of transport decarbonisation

market (

PPC 8.2: Effectiveness and resilience

> **ETIP SNET ETIP SNET IP** IP 2026+ 2024+

planning

Later IPs

HUC 8: Transportation HUC 8: Transportation

HLUC 7: Enhance System Supervision and Control including Cyber Security



HLUC 4: Massive RES Penetration into the Transmission and Distribution Grid

PPC 4.5: Well-functioning markets for a RES based energy system

> PPC 4.1: Technical barriers and technical measures

PPC 4.2: Control and operation tools

PPC 4.3: Infrastructure requirements and network technologies

PPC 4.4: Planning for a resilient system

PPC 2.1: Market models and architecture

PPC 2.2: Control and operation

PPC 2.5: Viable

business cases

incentives

PPC 2.6: Governance

for TSO, DSO and

System Users

through market

mechanisms and

PPC 2.3: Platform Development

PPC 2.4: Planning tools

ETIP SNET IP Later IPs

HLUC 2: Market-driven TSO-DSO.

2026+

ETIP SNET IP 2024+

ETIP SNET IP 2022-2025

PPC 4.6: Policies and

governance for a RES

based energy system

PPC 6.6: Large Scale Demonstration activities

PPC 6.5: HVDC

meshed grids

interoperability, multize terminal configurations,

PPC 6.1: Control solutions for next generation inverters

PPC 6.2: Hybrid transmission/distribution and hybrid distribution AC/DC grids PPC 6.3: Next generation distribution substation

PPC 6.4: Simulation methods and digital twins

ETIP SNET IP 2022-2025

ETIP SNET IP 2024+

Later IPs

2 operation of

of power

ystems levels

HLUC 6: Secure

se

widespreadu

electronics

PPC 6.7: Standardisation

activities

ETIP SNET

IP 2026+

Table 2.1 Overview on 2030 targets for RES (as defined in NECPs) and for RES-E (NECP ambition and assumptions taken in modelling)

Overview on 2030 targets	RES share ¹		RES-E share ²				
for RES and RES-E	NECP Target	Ambition	Ambition assun	Status Que			
Country	2030	indicated in NECP	RefRES scenarios (National Planing)	HighRES scenarios (EU Green Deal Needs)	2019		
Albania			99%	101%	88%		
Austria	46%	92%	92%	97%	75%		
Bosnia and Herzegovina			58%	62%	45%		
Bulgaria	27%	30%	37%	39%	24%		
Croatia	36%	64%	69%	73%	50%		
Greece	35%	61%	71%	79%	31%		
Hungary	21%	21%	24%	28%	10%		
Italy	30%	55%	58%	62%	35%		
Kosovo*			18%	21%	5%		
Moldova			19%	19%	3%		
Montenegro			62%	65%	53%		
North Macedonia	38%	66%	32%	35%	24%		
Romania	31%	49%	58%	61%	42%		
Serbia			40%	43%	30%		
Slovakia	19%	27%	29%	30%	22%		
Slovenia	27%	43%	46%	49%	33%		
Ukraine			16%	19%	2%		
CESEC			ca. 49%	ca. 53%	32%		

Note: 1 ... Share of renewable energies in gross final energy demand,

2 ... Share of electricity generation from renewables in gross electricity demand



Figure 3.6 Overview of assessed PV electricity potentials in GWh

Figure 3.7 Overview on assessed wind onshore electricity potentials in GWh





ENLIT: ETIP SNET Regional Workshop, Dec 1, 2022



TRINITY / HORIZON 2020 Álvaro Nofuentes







HLUC relevance for region xxx / program xxx / project xxx



project / program	HLUC 1	HLUC 2	HLUC 2	HLUC 3	HLUC 4	HLUC 5	HLUC 6	HLUC 7	HLUC 8	HLUC 9	other
TRINITY	n/a	•		•••	•••	n/a	•	•	n/a	n/a	

••• extremely relevant

••• highly relevant

relevant to some degree
 n/a – don't know



Key findings from project / program xxx



project / program	finding(s)	relevant for HLUC(s)
TRINITY	 In some countries, RES producers aren't allowed to get incomes from GoO if receiving other incentives such as FiT. 	4
TRINITY	• To optimize the installation of new RES plants according to grid capacity limits.	4,7
TRINITY	 Preliminary demo of ID Market with 15mins granularity (Serbia-Hungary) 	3



Proposals from project / program xxx



project / program	proposal(s) / recommendation(s)	relevant for HLUC(s)
TRINITY	 Repowering process of RES plants. 	4
TRINITY	 GoO market design to allow higher incomes for RES installation (eg. facilitate participation of medium/small actors). 	3, 4



ENLIT: ETIP SNET Regional Workshop, Dec 1, 2022



ELAND (H2020) Isidoros Kokos (Intracom Telecom)

E-LAND in brief

- H2020 Innovation Action
- December 2018 November 2022 (48 Months)
- 6.2 M€ project with 5.4 M€ EC funding
- 11 European partners 2 Indian partners
- 3 pilots in Europe and 2 simulated pilots in India
- Open innovation through collaboration with stakeholders and citizens connected to the pilots from the beginning of the project

HYDROGEN / GAS

E-LAND aims to transform energy related processes of an Energy Island bringing innovation across three planes: technology, community and business.

A toolbox consisting of tools to build decarbonised, multi-vector Energy Islands on a foundation of advanced ICT and data analytics technologies, strong community engagement tools and a solid business model innovation tool.

The toolbox is **modular** and **customisable** to specific local requirements, **expandable** to incorporate new tools and interoperable with standards-based legacy systems.

OCAL RENEWABLE

ENERGY

University of St.Gallen **TI-VECTOR ENERGY IAGEMENT SYSTEM** Borg Havn IKS ERGY **COMMUNITY** AurovilleConsulting Schneider

SMART

INNOVATION

CRFFSO

nvcom

nnovation technologies

NUTRI PAR PINTÀ PARACETIC

IF?

Universitat

de Girona





HLUC relevance for ELAND H2020



	HLUC 1	HLUC 2	HLUC 3	HLUC 4	HLUC 5	HLUC 6	HLUC 7	HLUC 8	HLUC 9
Overall	•••		•	•	•			•	•••
Romanian Pilot	•••		•	•	•				•••
Spanish Pilot	•••		•	•	•			•	•••
Norwegian Pilot	•••		•	•				•	•••

••• extremely relevant

••• highly relevant

••• relevant to some degree n/a – don't know



Key findings from ELAND H2020



ELAND Pilot	Finding(s)	Relevant for HLUC(s)
Romanian	 Operational Co-Optimisation: Electricity (incl. battery, PV), Gas & Heat (Gas Boiler, Heat pump, Chiller, Solar Thermal, Storage) Future planning: PV, Heat Pump replacement, micro-hydro power Outcomes: Solutions/tools developed/validated in pilot environment on the value of cross-sector optimization leveraging RES with positive results; increase energy efficiency & decarbonisation, reduce energy costs 	1, 9 [1.1, 1.2, 9.1 9.2]
Spanish	Operational Co-Optimisation: Electricity (incl. Wind, PV), Heat (Heat pump), Transport (EV charging), Hydrogen Storage Future planning: PV, EV chargers, battery, biomass, solar thermal Outcomes: idem	1, 8, 9 [1.1, 1.2, 9.1 9.2]
Norwegian	Operational Co-Optimisation : Electricity (incl. PV and storage), Heat (Heat pump, solar thermal), Transport (EV charging) and industrial processes (cranes movement) [1.1, 1.2, 9.2] Future planning : ship-to-shore el. conn., heavy duty EVs, (locally produced H ₂ -to-ship) Outcomes : idem	1, 8, 9 [1.1, 1.2, 9.1 9.2]
All	Framework for community engagement	?



Proposals from ELAND H2020



ELAND	Proposal(s) / Recommendation(s)	relevant for HLUC(s)
Romanian Energy Market	 Incentivize RES investments (prices, taxes) Adopt legislation for flexibility Better definition on Energy Storage in regulation Incentivize/Finance investment on energy infrastructure in public buildings and assign/train personel as energy managers Adopt measures to address energy poverty National Energy Strategy (SER) might be able to address some of these topics 	1, 3,4 9



The Great Energy and Climate Security Divide

Accelerated Green Transition vs. the Kremlin Playbook in Europe

Martin Vladimirov

30/11/2022





The Dimensions of Energy and Climate Security

Energy and Climate Security Risk Index								
Geopolitics	Affordability	Reliability	Sustainability					
 Security of World Oil Reserves Security of World Oil Production Security of World Natural Gas Reserves Security of World Natural Gas Production Security of World Coal Reserves Security of World Coal Production Security of Petroleum Imports Security of Natural Gas Imports Crude Oil Price Volatility 	 Oil & Natural Gas Import Expenditures Oil & Natural Gas Import Expenditures per GDP Energy Expenditures per GDP Energy Expenditures per Capita Retail Electricity Prices - HH Crude Oil Prices Energy Expenditure Volatility Science & Engineering Degrees 	 World Oil Refinery Utilization Petroleum Stock Levels Energy Consumption per Capita Household Energy Efficiency Commercial Energy Efficiency Industrial Energy Efficiency Electricity Capacity Diversity Electricity Transmission Line Mileage Transmission and Distribution Losses Transportation Energy Use per Capita Transportation Energy Use per \$ GDP 	 Energy Intensity Fossil Energy Intensity Transportation Non-Petroleum Fuels Energy-Related CO₂ Emissions per Capita Energy-Related CO₂ Emissions Intensity Electricity Non-CO₂ Generation Share Land Cover Waste per Capita Waste Recovery 					



Evolution of Energy and Climate Security Risks in the EU-27 and Selected European Countries (2008-2021)



Source: CSD.



Deterioration of the EU's Energy and Climate Security Risks on the Eve of the Russian Invasion of Ukraine



Source: CSD.



Key Factors for the Geopolitical Risks to the EU's Energy and Climate Security







Affordability Risks Surging Across Europe Since 2021





Key Factors for the Decline of Reliability Risks in the EU but Russian invasion upends the situation



Source: CSD based on Eurostat Data.



Decline of Sustainability Risks due to Rising CO2 Prices and Energy Efficiency Improvements



Region



Croatia Cyprus Greece Hungary Italy Malta Romania
High Level Use Cases

HLUC 1: Optimal Cross sector Integration and Grid Scale Storage HLUC 2: Marketdriven TSO–DSO– System User Interactions

HLUC 3: Pan European Wholesale Markets, Regional and Local Markets HLUC 4: Massive Penetration of RES into the transmission and distribution grid HLUC 5: One stop shop and Digital Technologies for market participation of consumers (citizens) at the center







HLUC 7: Enhance System Supervision and Control including Cyber Security

HLUC 8: Transportation Integration & Storage

HLUC 9: Flexibility provision by Building, Districts and Industrial Processes







Exploring further:

The Energy & Climate Security Risk Index



Thank you!

Martin Vladimirov Director, Energy and Climate Program Center for the Study of Democracy martin.vladimirov@online.bg





ENLIT: ETIP SNET Regional Workshop, Dec 1, 2022

DISTRHEAT Mirko Morini

Our scope: implement and demonstrate a **smart controller** for a multi-energy plant that feeds a small-scale district heating and cooling network



Our solution: a **multi-level optimal** controller with a **double time-scale** which provides the control action every 15 minutes



Our result: the controller prototype has been operating at the Hospital since March 2022 and showed very good performance





benchmark





project / program	HLUC 1	HLUC 2	HLUC 3	HLUC 4	HLUC 5	HLUC 6	HLUC 7	HLUC 8	HLUC 9	other
DISTRHEAT	•••	••	n/a	••	•	n/a	•	n/a	•••	n/a

- ••• extremely relevant
- •• highly relevant
- relevant to some degree
 n/a don't know



Key findings from project DISTRHEAT



project / program	finding(s)	relevant for HLUC(s)
DISTRHEAT	A smart controller that manage a multi-energy system by exploiting building flexibility and by providing it to the network	1, 2, 4, 7, 9
DISTRHEAT	Evaluation of people engagement to provide flexibility	5



Proposals from project DISTRHEAT



project / program	proposal(s) / recommendation(s)	relevant for HLUC(s)
DISTRHEAT	Waste heat recovery (e.g. datacenters, electrolyzers)	1, 8, 9
DISTRHEAT	Gamification for people engagement	5



Introduction

CRESYM – Collaborative Research for Energy SYstem Modeling

H.

June 2022

PRESENTATION OF THE INITIATIVE

A shared understanding : energy systems are facing a fast-evolving environment with increasing complexity and uncertainty



IN THIS CONTEXT, CHANGING THE WAY WE OPERATE BY SIMULATING WITH MAINLY MORE FLEXIBILITY, TRANSPARENCY AND COLLABORATION WILL ALLOW US TO BETTER OBSERVE, CONTROL AND ANTICIPATE The 3 key ambitions of CRESYM

A R&D collaborative association for the development of open-source energy system simulation tools for energy system players







DEVELOP SCIENTIFIC & TECHNOLOGICAL EXCELLENCE FEDERATE AN ECOSYSTEM OF PARTNERS & FOSTER COLLABORATIONS ENCOURAGE THE DISSEMINATION & TRANSFERT OF KNOWLEDGE AND TECHNOCOLOGICAL BUILDING BLOCKS

3

PRESENTATION OF THE INITIATIVE Partners involved in this initiative





5



HLUC relevance of CRESYM



project / program	HLUC 1	HLUC 2	HLUC 3	HLUC 4	HLUC 5	HLUC 6	HLUC 7	HLUC 8	HLUC 9	other
CRESYM	•••	•	•	•••	••	•••	•••	•	•••	••

- ••• extremely relevant
- ••• highly relevant
- ••• relevant to some degree n/a – don't know

PRESENTATION OF THE INITIATIVE How to contact us?



Sébastien LEPY Telephone : +33 6 66 543 654 Mail : sebastien.lepy@cresym.eu

www.cresym.eu

7